

## ROSE PHARMACY CLASSES

### (NIPER JEE-10) Model Test Paper-III

**Max. Marks:100**  
**Time: 2 Hours**

**Paper Code-101 B    Total Questions: 200**  
**25 % negative marking for each wrong answer**

**Instructions:-** 1. Check that your Paper set contains all the pages & 200 questions.  
2. Mention the paper code on your answer sheet & use HB pencil only.

- Q.1** Guedels sign of anesthesia are based on the effect of  
a) Diethyl ether    b) Thiopental    c) Ketamine    d) Fentanyl
- Q.2** Browning of vision due to retinal deposits is caused by  
a) Thioridazine    b) clozapine    c) haloperidol    d) Aripazole
- Q.3** One of the following is centrally acting analgesic, which increases serotonergic Transmission  
a) Acetaminophen    b) Aspirin    c) Tramadol    d) All of these
- Q.4** Vaughan Williams classification system classify drugs used in  
a) Parkinsonism    b) Arrhythmia    c) Huntington's disease    d) none
- Q.5** G-proteins are  
a) Tetrameric    b) Bimeric    c) Trimeric    d) Pentameric
- Q.6** One of the following lipoprotein increases in type IV hyperlipidemia  
a) LDL    b) VLDL    c) HDL    d) Chylomicrones
- Q.7**.....measure the absorption & urinary excretion of radiolabelled Vitamin B<sub>12</sub>  
a) Carr's test    b) Schilling test    c) Icterus index    d) none of these
- Q.8** which of the following antiviral drugs used as Antiparkinsonian agent  
a) Zidovudine    b) Amantadine    c) Foscarnet    d) none of these
- Q.9** Selective MAO-B inhibitor is  
a) Clorgyline    b) Moclobemide    c) Tranylcypromine    d) Selegilline
- Q.10** Phosphodiesterase inhibitor used as Antiplatelet agent is  
a) Amrinone    b) Dipyridamol    c) Ticlopidine    d) Aspirin
- Q.11** Antiemetic agent used during the cancer treatment is  
a) Promethazine    b) Metoclopropamide    c) Ondansetron    d) Cinnarizine
- Q.12** SMON Syndrome is related to  
a) Metronidazole    b) Diloxanide furoate    c) Quiniodochlor    d) Tetracycline
- Q.13** Cardiotoxicity is side effect of one of the following  
a) Dactinomycin    b) Doxorubicin    c) Bleomycin    d) Mitomycin
- Q.14** Macrolide derivative that used as Immunosuppressant is  
a) Cyclosporin    b) Tacrolimus    c) Basiliximab    d) all of these
- Q.15** Hepatotoxicity is major side effect of following drugs except  
a) Ethambutol    b) Isoniazid    c) Rifampicin    d) Pyrazinamide
- Q.16** All of the following drugs act better in urine except  
a) Nitrofurantoin    b) Methanamine    c) Cloxacillin    d) Gentamicin
- Q.17** All of the following macrolide derivatives are stable in acid except  
a) Azithromycin    b) Clarithromycin    c) Roxithromycin    d) Erythromycin

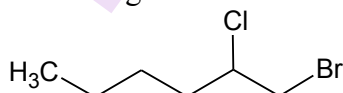
- Q.18** Drug of choice for motion sickness  
a) Cinnarizine      b) Chlorpromazine      c) Prochlorperazine      d) Haloperidol
- Q.19** Plasma expander is  
a) Dextran      b) Human Albumin      c) Hetastarch      d) all of these
- Q.20** All of the following are prodrug except  
a) Lisinopril      b) Enalapril      c) Perindopril      d) Ramipril
- Q.21** Competitive antagonist at GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor  
a) Muscimol      b) Bicuculline      c) Flumazenil      d) Picrotoxin
- Q.22** class II Antiarrhythmic drugs....  
a) Slow phase 0 depolarization      b) Suppress phase 4 depolarization  
c) Shorten phase 3 depolarization      d) Prolong phase 3 depolarization
- Q.23** Mechanism of Antimanic drug Lithium is  
a) decreases the release of NA & DA      b) Li<sup>+</sup> partly replace Na<sup>+</sup> & affect ionic fluxes across brain cell  
c) Inhibit Inositol-1-phosphate & reduces supply of Inositol for regeneration of brain membrane      d) all of these
- Q.24** Mianserin, Antidepressant agent acts by  
a) Inhibiting NA & 5-HT uptake      b) Blocking presynaptic α<sub>2</sub>-receptor  
c) Inhibiting NA & 5-DA uptake      d) all of these
- Q.25** All of the following true about Calcitonin except  
a) Inhibits phosphate tubular reabsorption from kidney      b) Inhibits of Calcium resorption from bone  
c) Inhibits Calcium tubular reabsorption from kidney      d) Increases resorption of Calcium from bone
- Q.26** Corticosteroids are  
a) Immunosuppressant      b) Ant-inflammatory      c) Antiallergic      d) All
- Q.27** Dihydroorotate dehydrogenase inhibitor used as DMARD is  
a) Methotrexate      b) Leflunomide      c) Azathioprine      d) Cyclosporine
- Q.28** Enteric coated tablet  
a) Protect drug from acidic environment      b) Prevent gastric irritation      c) delays absorption      d) all of these
- Q.29** Which of the following is true  
a) Low pK<sub>a</sub>, stronger the acid      b) Low pK<sub>a</sub>, stronger the base  
c) High pK<sub>a</sub>, weaker the acid      d) High pK<sub>a</sub>, stronger the acid
- Q.30** Directly compressible diluent is  
a) Microcrystalline cellulose      b) Lactose      c) Starch      d) Methyl cellulose
- Q.31** Wursters process means  
a) Coacervation-phase separation      b) Pan coating      c) Air Suspension      d) Solvent evaporation
- Q.32** Bloom strength of gelatin is normally  
a) 50 mg      b) 200 mg      c) 300 mg      d) 400 mg
- Q.33** Particle size determination of Aerosol is performed by  
a) Cascade Impactor      b) Gas Chromatography      c) Anderson pipette      d) pycnometer
- Q.34** which of the following surfactant is amphoteric in nature  
a) Benzalkonium chloride      b) Lecithin      c) Polyoxy ether      d) Sodium lauryl sulphate
- Q.35** The humidity in operating area of capsule manufacturing is normally  
a) 60 %      b) 50 %      c) 40 %      d) 20 %
- Q.36** Millard reaction is obtained between

- a) Hydrus lactose & amine b) Anhydrous lactose & amine c) Starch & amine d) all
- Q.37** The phenomenon of increasing the solubility of various substances in water due to presence of large amount of additives is called.  
a) Solubilization b) Hydrotropy c) Cosolvency d) Complexation
- Q.38** Complete separation of tablet into two or more layer is called as  
a) Capping b) Lamination c) Picking d) Mottling
- Q.39** Spans are  
a) Polyoxyethylene ether of fatty acid ester b) Sorbitol ester of fatty acid  
c) Combination of Polyoxyethylene & Polyoxypropylene d) High molecular weight polyethylene glycol
- Q.40** Dilatometric curve is a plot of  
a) Weight v/s temperature b) Specific volume v/s temperature  
c) Volume v/s temperature d) Density v/s temperature
- Q.41** A reaction between vapor pressure & Absolute temperature of liquid is given by  
a) Gibbs equation b) Clausius-Clapeyrone equation c) Arrhenius equation d) Vant Hoff equation
- Q.42** Tesla is equal to  
a)  $10^9$  b)  $10^{12}$  c)  $10^{15}$  d)  $10^{16}$
- Q.43** The temperature at which liquid passes into solid state is known as  
a) Melting point b) Triple point c) Dew point d) Freezing point
- Q.44** The movement of liquid through a plug or membrane across which potential is applied is called  
a) Electrophoresis b) Electrodifffusion c) Electroosmosis d) all of these
- Q.45** Material used in IUDs is  
a) Copper b) Cobalt c) Aluminium d) Titanium
- Q.46** Reynold number is related to  
a) Sedimentation b) Flow rate c) Evaporation d) Filtration
- Q.47** As per USP, Type II glass means  
a) Borosilicate b) Treated soda lime c) Soda lime d) General purpose soda glass
- Q.48** The vesicle of lipid bilayer enclosing an aqueous compartment is termed as  
a) Noisome b) Aquasomes c) Liposome d) Mesosome
- Q.49** Drop weight method is used to measure  
a) Viscosity b) Specific volume c) Surface tension d) Solubility
- Q.50** The energy required for size reduction is directly propotional to the product diameter is given by  
a) Kick law b) Rault law c) Bond law d) Rittinger law
- Q.51** In sterile dosage form, all of the following buffers are used except  
a) Acetate b) Citrate c) Borate d) Phosphate
- Q.52** LAL test is for  
a) Bacteria b) Pyrogen c) Fungi d) Yeast
- Q.53** Rault law is related to  
a) Osmotic pressure b) Vapure pressure c) Atmospheric pressure d) all
- Q.54** All of the following microorganism present in the eye except  
a) S.epidermidis b) S. aureus c) Diphtheroids d) E. coli
- Q.55** A brown tube is used as indicator in  
a) Dry heat b) Moist heat c) Radiation d) Chemical

- Q.56** *Borrelia recurrentis* is causative organism for  
a) Plague                      b) Lyme disease                      c) Relapsing fever                      d) Dengue
- Q.57** Non-ionizing radiation used for sterilization is  
a) UV-rays                      b) X-rays                      c)  $\gamma$ -rays                      d) Cosmic rays
- Q.58** Identification of Specific RNA is done  
a) Southern blot                      b) Northern blot                      c) Western blot                      d) all
- Q.59** Deposition of enzyme on carrier by applying electric current is called as  
a) Electrophoresis                      b) Electroporation                      c) Electrodeposition                      d) Electrotransformation
- Q.60** Polyacrylamide gel is used as material in which technique of immobilization  
a) Covalent bonding                      b) Adsorption                      c) Entrapment                      d) Complexation
- Q.61** Radioallergosorbent test is related to.....antibody  
a) Ig E                      b) Ig M                      c) Ig A                      d) Ig D
- Q.62** *Pseudomonas dentrificans* is source of  
a) Riboflavin                      b) Vitamin B<sub>12</sub>                      c) Ascorbic acid                      d) Amino acid
- Q.63** In the fermentation process, animal or vegetable lipids are used as  
a) Antifoaming agent                      b) Inhibitor of unwanted metabolic process in lack of O<sub>2</sub>  
c) Source of carbon                      d) pH maintaining agent
- Q.64** Bohr's effect is related to  
a) Lipids                      b) Plasma protein                      c) Hemoglobin                      d) Vitamins
- Q.65** one of the vitamin is known as hormone  
a) Vitamin D                      b) Vitamin A                      c) Vitamin C                      d) Vitamin E
- Q.66** In nucleotide replacement, the phenomenon in which purine is replaced by pyrimidine & vice versa called as  
a) transition                      b) Transversion                      c) Rearrangement                      d) Exchange
- Q.67** Rapid amplification of DNA segment is called  
a) General recombination                      b) PCR                      c) gene expression                      d) Blotting paper
- Q. 68** In cell culture, the phase in which cells dies is  
a) Lag phase                      b) Exponential phase                      c) Linear phase                      d) Senescent phase
- Q.69** Icterus index is used to determine  
a) Serum albumin                      b) Urine albumin                      c) Serum bilirubin                      d) Urine bilirubin
- Q.70** Carboxyhemoglobin is formed by binding of hemoglobin with  
a) CO                      b) CO<sub>2</sub>                      c) CHO                      d) COOH
- Q.71** ETC is located at  
a) Inner mitochondrial membrane                      b) Outer mitochondrial membrane  
c) Intermembranous space                      d) mitochondrial matrix
- Q.72** Removal of one carbon from lipid is occurs in  
a)  $\beta$ -oxidation                      b)  $\alpha$ -oxidation                      c)  $\omega$ -oxidation                      d)  $\pi$ -oxidation
- Q.73** In tissue culture, surface sterilization of explant is done by  
a) Distilled water                      b) Methanol                      c) Sodium hypochloride                      d) Propiolactone
- Q.74** Ornithine amino acid can never found in protein structures because  
a) Inability to form peptide bond                      b) Due to lack of Zwitterions formation  
c) Due to lack of codon                      d) Due to structural dissimilarity
- Q.75** Lesch-Nyhan syndrome is due to the deficiency of  
a) Hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase                      b) Formyltransferase  
c) Adenine-phosphoribosyltransferase                      d) Cyclohydrolase
- Q.76** One of the following phospholipids posses antigenic activity

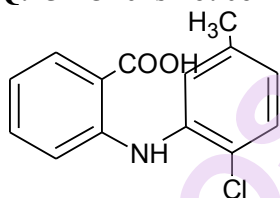
- a) lecithin      b) Cephaline      c) Cardiolipin      d) Plasmalogens
- Q.77 Catalytic activity of enzyme is lost by  
a) Extreme pH      b) Extreme temperature      c) Denaturing agent      d) all of these
- Q.78 Three dimensional structure of a protein & the relative stereochemical position of its atom determined by  
a) X-ray crystallography      b) IR-Spectroscopy      c) ESR      d) all of these
- Q.79 Aldolase enzyme belongs to class  
a) Transferase      b) Lyase      c) Ligases      d) Hydrolase
- Q.80 In un-competitive inhibition, inhibitor mainly binds to  
a) Enzyme      b) Substrate      c) Enzyme & enzyme substrate complex  
d) Enzyme-substrate complex
- Q.81 one IU of enzyme is equal to  
a) 40  $\mu$ katal      b) 50  $\mu$ katal      c) 60  $\mu$ katal      d) 70  $\mu$ katal
- Q.82 Surgical cottons consist of.....of seeds of Gossypium species  
a) Trichomes      b) Rhizomes      c) Juice      d) Exudation
- Q.83 One of the following is soluble in alcohol  
a) Asafoetida      b) Acacia      c) Gelatin      d) Aloe
- Q.84 Frothing on shaking of a powder with water indicates presence of  
a) Tannis      b) Saponins      c) Carbohydrate      d) protein
- Q. 85 Color of Ergot is  
a) White      b) Dark-brown      c) Yellow      d) Green
- Q.86 .....color is observed in Murexide test for .....alkaloids  
a) Yellow, Indole      b) Blue, Imidazole      c) Purple, purine      d) Green, Pyrrole
- Q.87 Shinoda test is used for  
a) Tannis      b) Protein      c) Flavanoid      d) Fat
- Q.88 Bioactive product presented as dietary supplements are called  
a) Drugs      b) Nutraceuticals      c) Cosmeceuticals      d) none of these
- Q.89 Famous insecticide BHC means  
a) Benzene hexachloride      b) Benzene heptachloride  
c) Benzene hexaiodide      d) Benzene heptaiodide
- Q.90 Gibberellin A was isolated in 1938; which is actually a mixture of at least six gibberellins. One of them is GA<sub>3</sub>; which is termed as  
a) Gibberellic acid      b) Gibberllin      c) Gibbane      d) none of these
- Q.91 Watson & ..... Announced discovery of DNA structure in.....  
a) Sanger, 1960      b) Crick, 1953      c) Crick, 1960      d) Sanger, 1953
- Q.92 Shikimic acid acts as precursor for biosynthesis of  
a) Glycosides      b) Steroids      c) Amino acid      d) none of these
- Q.93 one of the following is correct  
a) Stomata & water pore are same      b) Stomata are immovable  
c) Water pore are immovable      d) Water pore are movable
- Q.94 Ash content represent  
a) Organic content      b) Inorganic content      c) Both a & b      d) water contents
- Q.95 Strong acrid smell of mustard oil is due to  
a) Allyl isothiocynate      b) Sinigrin      c) Myrocin      d) Myristic acid
- Q.96 Bandha soap is related to  
a) Myristica fragrans      b) Acorus calamus      c) Eugenia caryophyllus

- d) *Hedychium spicatum*
- Q.97** Bloom strength is related to  
 a) Lectin      b) Gelatin      c) Heparin      d) Tyrosine
- Q.98** High production of *Crocus sativum* in India  
 a) Tamilnadu      b) Maharashtra      c) Kashmir      d) Assam
- Q.99** Deadly night shade leaf is synonym of  
 a) Belladonna      b) Hyoscyne      c) Atropine      d) Datura
- Q.100** Opium alkaloids are present as salt of  
 a) Acetic acid      b) Meconic acid      c) Phenoxybenzoic acid      d) Benzoic acid
- Q.101** Idioblast of calcium crystals is a characteristic of  
 a) Ipecacuana root      b) Aconite root      c) Kurchi bark      d) Cinchona bark
- Q.102** Glyoxaline nucleus is part of structure  
 a) Lobeline      b) Ephedrine      c) Pilocarpine      d) Morphine
- Q.103** Phloem fibres are absent in  
 a) Cinchona bark      b) Liquorice root      c) Kurchi      d) All of these
- Q.104** *Curcuma longa* rhizomes are yellow due to  
 a) Curcuminoids      b) Camphene      c) Starch grain      d) all
- Q.105** One of the following is not mineral drug  
 a) Calamine      b) Guggul      c) Kieselghur      d) Shilajit
- Q.106** Unlignified pith is a microscopic characteristics of  
 a) *E. sinica*      b) *E. equisteia*      c) *E. distachya*      d) all of these
- Q.107** One of pair is incorrect  
 a) Anisocytic- Cruciferous stomata      b) Paracytic- Rubiaceous  
 c) Anomocytic-Ranunculaceous      d) Dicytic-Irregular cell stomata
- Q.108** One of the following is growth inhibitor hormone in plants  
 a) Auxins      b) Ethylene      c) Phosphon      d) Cytokinins
- Q.109** Chromosome are equally divided to opposite poles in  
 a) Metaphase      b) Prophase      c) Telophase      d) Anaphase
- Q.110** Reticulate Parenchyma is absent in  
 a) Caraway fruits      b) Dill      c) Fennel fruits      d) all of these
- Q.111** Glucose has different anomeric structure at  
 a) C<sub>1</sub>      b) C<sub>2</sub>      c) C<sub>3</sub>      d) C<sub>4</sub>
- Q.112** Presence of ..... in a molecule precludes chirality  
 a) Plane of symmetry      b) Point of Symmetry      c) Both a & b      d) none of these
- Q.113** Dimethyl ether & ethanol are  
 a) Conformational      b) Configurational      c) Constitutional(Functional)      d) Stereo
- Q.114** Zeigler Natta catalyst consists of  
 a) Metal halide      b) Aluminium alkyl      c) both a & b      d) none
- Q.115** .....enantiomer of Ibuprofen is active  
 a) S (+)      b) S (-)      c) R (+)      d) R (-)
- Q.116** one of the following is false  
 a) Configuration D & dextro are different      b) Sinister means anticlockwise  
 c) L- compound always rotates plane of polarized light to left      d) all of these
- Q.117** Following molecule has..... stereocentres



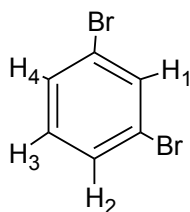
- a) 1                                      b) 2                                      c) 5                                      d) No
- Q.118** The specific rotation for a pure enantiomer is known to be  $-39^{\circ} \text{ g}^{-1} \text{ mL}^{-1} \text{ dm}^{-1}$ . A sample containing both enantiomers is found to have an observed rotation of  $-0.62^{\circ}$  in 1dm tube at a concentration of 3.5 g/100mL. What is the optical purity of the sample?  
a) 73% of the (-) enantiomers and 27% of the (+) enantiomers    b) 3% of the (-) enantiomers and 97% of the (+) enantiomers    c) 27% of the (-) enantiomers and 73% of the (+) enantiomers    d) 97% of the (-) enantiomers and 3% of the (+) enantiomers
- Q.119**  $(a + b)^2 =$   
a)  $a^2 + 2ab + b^2$     b)  $a^2 + a^2b^2 + b^2$     c)  $(a + b)(a - b)$     d)  $a^2 - 2ab + b^2$
- Q.120** A diene  $\text{CH}_2=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$  is  
a) Isoprene                      b) terpenes                      c) citranellool                      d) none of these
- Q.121** Epoxides are the compounds containing.....membered ring  
a) two                              b) three                              c) four                              d) five
- Q.122** numbers of atoms (Population) in ground and excited state are expressed by  
a) Maxwell-Boltzmann equation    b) Planks constant    c) Beer's law    d) Backmann's law
- Q.123** MSDS means  
a) Material Safety Data Sheet                      b) Material Standard Data Sheet  
c) Manual of Standard Drug Substance    d) None of these
- Q.124** ODS in HPLC means  
a) Octadecyl Silane    b) Organic Drug Solution    c) Octadecyl Silanol    d) none of these
- Q.125** Isoelectric point in amino acid is a  
a) Temperature    b) pH    c) Pressure    d) Volume
- Q.126** Poisoning capacity is related to  
a) Conductometry    b) pH metry    c) Potentiometry    d) Voltametry
- Q.127** Nitrogen in proteins can be determined by  
a) Kjeldahl analysis    b) Nernst equation    c) Michaelis equation    d) none of these
- Q.128** Amino acids are  
a) Acidic                      b) Basic                      c) Amphoteric                      d) All of these
- Q.129** pH transition range of phenolphthalein is  
a) pH 7-9                      b) pH 3-5                      c) pH 10-13                      d) pH 6-8
- Q.130** Whatman filter paper 42 has pore size of  
a)  $8 \mu\text{m}$                       b)  $2.5 \mu\text{m}$                       c)  $20 \mu\text{m}$                       d)  $25 \mu\text{m}$
- Q.131** Accidental error are also called as  
a) Indeterminant error                      b) Random error                      c) Both a & b                      d) none
- Q.132**.....column in GC shows the best efficiency  
a) WCOT                      b) SCOT                      c) FSOT                      d) SGOT
- Q.133** Glass transition temperature is related to  
a) Carbohydrate                      b) Polymer                      c) Lipid                      d) None
- Q.134** X-rays are  
a)  $\alpha$ -particle                      b)  $\beta$ -particle                      c) Electromagnetic radiation                      d)  $\gamma$ -particle
- Q.135** Curie point of triglycine sulphate is  
a)  $47^{\circ} \text{C}$                       b)  $74^{\circ} \text{C}$                       c)  $38^{\circ} \text{C}$                       d)  $83^{\circ} \text{C}$
- Q.136** Shim coils are used in  
a) Mass spectrometer    b) NMR spectrometer    c) IR spectrometer    d) UV spectrometer
- Q.137** Enantiotopic groups are attached to

- a) Prochiral centre      b) Achiral center      c) both a & b      d) none
- Q.138** Homotopic ligands are  
a) Enantiotopic      b) Disteriotopic      c) both a & b      d) none
- Q.139** Starch gives blue color on reaction with iodine. This is due to  
a) Amylose      b) Amylopectin      c) both a & b      d) none
- Q.140** Prosthetic group of hemoglobin contain iron bound to  
a) Pyridine rings      b) Pyrrole ring      c) Pyrimidine ring      d) Tyrosine rings
- Q.141** .....is used in Sangers method of terminal residue analysis  
a) Phenyl isothiocyanate      b) Carboxypeptidase      c) Ethyl chloroacetate  
d) 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene
- Q.142** .....received two noble prize  
a) Sanger      b) Watson      c) Both      d) None
- Q.143** If INDIA is written as 95491, DELHI will be written as  
a) 45389      b) 45489      c) 45498      d) 45398
- Q.144** A goes 4 km south then 8km west then 6 km north then 8 km east and then 2 km south. How far is A from the starting point  
a) 2 km      b) 1 km      c) 0 km      d) 3 km
- Q.145** An accurate clock shows the as 30 minutes past two. The angle (in degrees) between the minute-hand and the hour-hand is  
a)  $120^{\circ}$       b)  $110^{\circ}$       c)  $105^{\circ}$       d)  $100^{\circ}$
- Q.146** IF  $2x + y = 10$  &  $x + 3y = 10$ , then find x & y  
a) 4 & 2      b) 2 & 4      c) 1 & 3      d) 3 & 1
- Q.147** Highest numbers of USFDA approved pharmaceutical plants are placed in  
a) China      b) India      c) Brazil      d) None
- Q.148** Indian Patent Information office is situated at  
a) Mumbai      b) Nagpur      c) Kanpur      d) Bangalore
- Q.149** 'In small bridged systems one can not have a double bond at bridgehead position' This is  
a) Prelog's rule      b) Bredt's rule      c) Markownikoff's rule      d) none
- Q.150** Which of the following not a positive symptom associated with Schizophrenia  
a) hallucination      b) anhedonia      c) Delusion      d) Disorganised thought
- Q.151** Which of the following mood stabilizer would be most appropriate in a patient Liver disease  
a) Lithium      b) Valproic acid      c) Carbamazepine      d) none of these
- Q.152** One is not correct about following structure

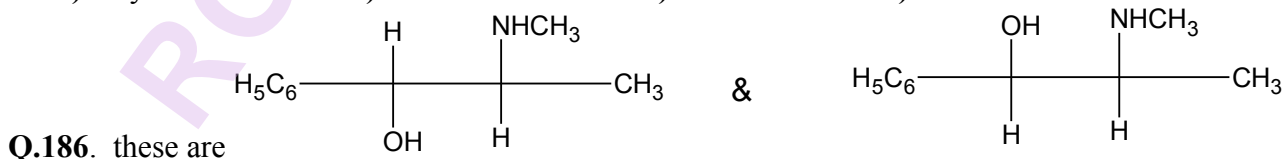


- a) It is an acid      b) It is fenamate      c) It increases prostaglandin      d) It is an NSAID
- Q.153** Cefepime is .....generation cephalosporin  
a) First      b) Second      c) Third      d) Fourth
- Q.154** when radiation modulated at an acoustical frequency is absorbed by substance. The radiation is converted in to heat. This is called  
a) Photoacoustic spectroscopy      b) Optoacoustic spectroscopy      c) both      d) none

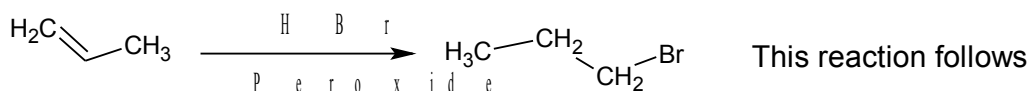
- Q.155** ..... Is a synthetic benzimidazole derivative anthelmintic  
 a) Albendazole      b) Ketoconazole      c) Fluconazole      d) all of these
- Q.156** .....is a depolarizing neuromuscular blocking agent that causes spastic paralysis of the helminth  
 a) Mebendazole      b) Niclosamide      c) Piperazine      d) Pyrantel
- Q.157** Zidovudine is a .....analogue  
 a) Pyrimidine      b) Thymidine      c) Cytosine      d) Guanine
- Q.158** The life time of an excited singlet state is near about  
 a)  $10^{-12}$       b)  $10^{-6}$       c)  $10^{-4}$       d)  $10^{-20}$
- Q.159** The source of used in spectrofluoremeter is  
 a) Xenone flash lamp   b) Xenon arc lamp   c) Mercury vapour lamp   d) All of these
- Q.160** Precursor of Insulin called proinsulin contain.....amino acid  
 a) 68      b) 86      c) 79      d) 97
- Q.161** All of the following hormonal drug posses a steroidal nucleus except  
 a) Ethinyl estradiol   b) Leothyronine      c) Predenesolone   d) Norethindrone
- Q.162** Detection of Iron content in blood is done by  
 a) Flame emission spectroscopy   b) Atomic absorption spectroscopy   c) both   d) none
- Q.163** In the IR spectrum of organic compounds, the hydrogen stretching region is usually first investigated to determine  
 a) Aromaticity      b) Aliphatically      c) both a & b      d) none
- Q.164** this is cis-2,3-diphenylbutene on reaction catalytic hydrogenation over palladium in acetic acid, it yields predominant...2,3-diphenylbutane
- 
- a) meso      b) d      c) l      d) dl
- Q.165** Cis 1,2-dimethyl Cyclohexane has .....confirmation  
 a) e, e      b) d,e      c) a, a      d) a,e
- Q.166** The energy level affected in UV-spectroscopy is  
 a) Electronic      b) Vibrational      c) Rotational      d) all of these
- Q.167** The source of radiation used in far IR region is  
 a) Tungsten filament      b) High pressure mercury lamp      c) Globar source  
 d) Nernst glower
- Q.168** Find the correct statement about Raman spectroscopy  
 a) It can be used to detect the molecule with IR inactive spectra   b) It can not be used to study the material in aqueous solution   c) Raman scattering power is inversely proportional to concentration   d) all of these
- Q.169**  $m\lambda = 2d \sin\theta$ . This equation is related to  
 a) X-ray diffraction      b) ESR      c) Raman spectroscopy   d) NMR
- Q.170** In below structure H-2 & H-4 are



- a) Chemically equivalent      b) Magnetic equivalent      c) both a & b      d) none of these
- Q.171** one torr is equal to.....  
 a) 1333 pascal      b) 133.3 pascal      c) 13.33 pascal      d) 1.333 Pascal
- Q.172** In reverse phase chromatography, stationary & mobile phase are....respectively  
 a) Polar & Non polar      b) Non polar & Polar      c) Polar & Polar      d) Non polar & non polar
- Q.173** In mass spectroscopy, ionization source for the biological compound like hormone, enzyme is  
 a) Chemical      b) Electrone impact      c) FAB      d) all of these
- Q.174** Solvent programming in HPLC is  
 a) Isocratic elution      b) Gradient elution      c) Both a & b      d) none of thes
- Q.175** Pulse free pumps used in HPLC is  
 a) Syrringe type pump      b) Pneumatic pump      c) Both      d) none of these
- Q.176** The electrode used in polarography is  
 a) Dropping mercury      b) Static mercury      c) Both a & b      d) none of thes
- Q.177** Peptidomimetics are molecules with-----  
 a) No peptide bond      b) Molecular weight less than 700      c) Activity similar to a peptide      d) all of the above
- Q.178** ----- Can be used to catalyzed organic reaction with regioselectivity  
 a) Cyclodextrine      b)  $\text{AlLiH}_4$       c) Both a & b      d) None
- Q.179** Invert sugar is a mixture of D(+)-glucose & D(-)-fructose .this sugar is  
 a) Dextrorotatory      b) Levorotatory      c) Optically inactive      d) Racemic modification
- Q.180** The dextro from of B- methacholine is approximately 500 times more active than The levo enantiomer. The observed difference in most likely due to difference in  
 a) Dissolution      b) Solubility      c) distribution      d) receptor
- Q.181** Levulose is  
 a) D (+)-glucose      b) D (-)-fructose      c) D (-)-glucose      d) D (+)-fructose
- Q.182** Mannitol is  
 a) Polyhydroxy alcohol      b) monosaccharide      c) both a & b      d) none of these
- Q.183** How many grams of menthol should be used to prepare this prescription containing 0.8 % menthol & Alcohol q.s.60.00 ml  
 a) 0.48 gm      b) 0.8 gm      c) 4.8 gm      d) 1.48 gm
- Q.184** "In dehydrohalogenation the more stable the alkene, the faster it is formed' this is  
 a) Saytzeffs rule      b) Walden inversion      c) Tollens reaction      d) none of these
- Q.185** Starting product of Sandmeyer reaction is  
 a) alkynes      b) diazonium salt      c) o-toludine      d) none of these



- a) Diastereomers    b) Enantiomers    c) Conformational isomers    d) Bioisomers



**Q.187**

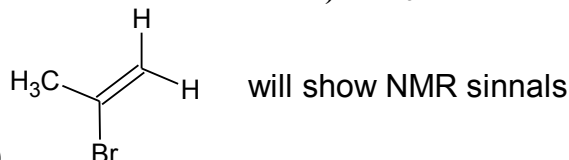
- a) Kharasch rule    b) Markovnikov rule    c) Bredt rule    d) Bayer rule

**Q.188** Perkin condensation yields

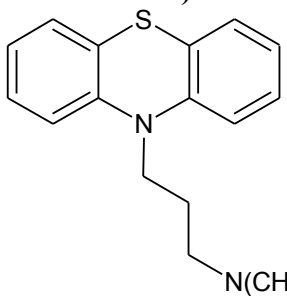
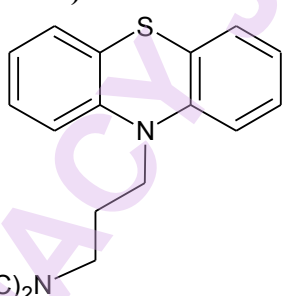
- a) Unsaturated acids    b) Saturated acids    c) Unsaturated ketones    d) Saturated ketone

**Q.189** .....is phase transfer catalyst

- a) crown ether    b)  $\text{AlCl}_3$     c) both    d) none of these



**Q.190**

- a) 2    b) 3    c) 5    d) No
- 
 &
 
 are

**Q.191**

- a) Diastereomers    b) Enantiomers    c) Conformational isomers    d) none of these

**Q.192** Nitrogen rule is used in the interpretation .....spectra

- a) IR    b) NMR    c) Mass    d) ESR

**Q.193** CDRI is located at

- a) Lucknow    b) Kassoli    c) Itanagar    d) Chandigagh

**Q.194** GRAS is related to

- a) Safety    b) Stability    c) reactivity    d) none of these

**Q.195** Minister of Chemical & Fertilizer Govt of India was in 2004-2009 govt.

- a) A. K. Antony    b) Ramvilas Paswan    c) Sharad panwar    d) Lalu Yadav

**Q.196** Measles vaccine is given after----- month of birth

- a) 3    b) 6    c) 9    d) 12

**Q.197** The synonym of abduct

- a) Confined    b) Bound    c) Released    d)absolve

**Q.198**The antonym of Equivocate

- a) Distinguish    b) Pledge    c) Yields    d) Vary

**Q.199** Coulter counter works on the principle of

- a) Electric resistance    b)light diffraction    c) light transmission    d))light absorption

**Q.200** Standard deviation is

- a) square of variance    b) square root of variance    c) square of difference between observation and mean    d) none of the above.

## Answer Key(NIPER JEE-III)

1.a	2.a	3.c	4.b	5.d
6.b	7.a	8.b	9.d	10.b
11.c	12.c	13.b	14.b	15.a
16.d	17.d	18.a	19.d	20.a
21.c	22.b	23.d	24.a	25.b
26.d	27.b	28.d	29.a	30.a
31.c	32.b	33.a	34.b	35.c
36.a	37.b	38.b	39.b	40.d
41.b	42.b	43.d	44.a	45.a
46.b	47.b	48.c	49.c	50.d
51.c	52.b	53.b	54.d	55.b
56.b	57.c	58.d	59.c	60.c
61.a	62.b	63.a	64.c	65.a
66.b	67.b	68.d	69.c	70.a
71.a	72.c	73.c	74.c	75.a
76.c	77.d	78.a	79.b	80.d
81.c	82.a	83.d	84.b	85.b
86.c	87.c	88.b	89.a	90.a
91.b	92.c	93.b	94.b	95.a
96.a	97.b	98.c	99.a	100.b
101.d	102.c	103.c	104.a	105.b
106.a	107.d	108.c	109.c	110.b
111.a	112.c	113.a	114.c	115.a
116.a	117.a	118.a	119.a	120.a
121.b	122.a	123.b	124.a	125.b
126.c	127.a	128.c	129.c	130.c
131.a	132.a	133.d	134.c	135.a
136.b	137.a	138.a	139.a	140.b
141.d	142.a	143.a	144.c	145.c
146.a	147.b	148.b	149.b	150.b
151.a	152.c	153.d	154.a	155.a
156.d	157.b	158.a	159.d	160.d
161.b	162.a	163.b	164.d	165.d
166.d	167.b	168.d	169.a	170.c
171.b	172.b	173.d	174.b	175.b
176.c	177.d	178.b	179.b	180.d
181.b	182.c	183.a	184.a	185.b
186.a	187.a	188.a	189.c	190.b
191.c	192.c	193.a	194.a	195.b
196.b	197.a	198.b	199.a	200.b